Key Concept Builder 🛛 🕬

DNA and Genetics

Key Concept What is DNA?

Directions: *On the line before each statement, write* T *if the statement is true or* F *if the statement is false.*

- 1. Genetic information is encoded in a molecule called DNA.
 - **2.** This molecule is shaped like a twisted ladder, a shape that is called a triple helix.
 - **3.** James Watson and Francis Crick discovered the structure of this molecule after studying gamma-ray images of the molecule.
- **4.** The sides of the ladder are made from joined molecules called bases.
 - **5.** The combination of a nitrogen base, a sugar, and a phosphate group is a unit called a gene.
- **6.** The base guanine always joins with the base cytosine.
- **7.** An organism's genes are located in cell structures called chromosomes.
 - 8. The process by which the molecule of heredity makes copies of itself is called transcription.
- **9.** Most genes encode information for the production of proteins.

Directions: Answer the question on the lines provided.

10. How does DNA replicate itself?

Class

LESSON 3

DNA and Genetics

Key Concept Builder 🛛 🕬

Key Concept What is the role of RNA in protein production?

Directions: *Complete this concept map by choosing terms from the word bank and writing them in the correct spaces.*



Name	Date	Class
Key Concept Builder 🐲		LESSON 3

DNA and Genetics

Key Concept What is the role of RNA in protein production?

Directions: The diagram below shows one strand of a DNA molecule with six bases shown. A strand of mRNA has just been created from those bases that will be used to make part of a protein. Write the letters of the corresponding RNA bases on each line provided. (Remember that in RNA, U takes the place of T.)



Directions: Answer each question on the lines provided.

3. Which structures in the cell are proteins assembled in?

4. What component of a cell are these structures attached to?

Key Concept Builder 🐲	LESSON 3

DNA and Genetics

Key Concept How do changes in the sequence of DNA affect traits?

Directions: Answer each question on the lines provided.

- 1. How many human chromosomes are there?
- **2.** Approximately how many human genes are there?
- **3.** What is a mutation?
- 4. Which four causes of mutations are discussed in the lesson?

5. Which two genetic disorders are caused by mutations that are mentioned in the lesson?